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 - Fundamental idea of QFD
 - Procedure concerning the application of QFD
 - Involved persons and goals concerning QFD
 - Analysis of customer requirements
 - The House of Quality
 - Development-accompanying QFD
 - Case study measuring/measurement tool

Quality Management of Software and Systems

Quality Function Deployment (QFD)

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Motivation

- Ensure
 - That the customer requirements enter the development process as clearly identified requirements
 - That they are consequently realized there up to implementation details
 - Development of quantifiable, checkable target values for the development on the basis of customer requirements
 - Possibility to trace back every decision to a corresponding customer requirement
- Traditional approach
 - As few faults/errors/defects as possible
 - On schedule
 - High test costs
 - The product will be less bad

Motivation Problems with the Product Development

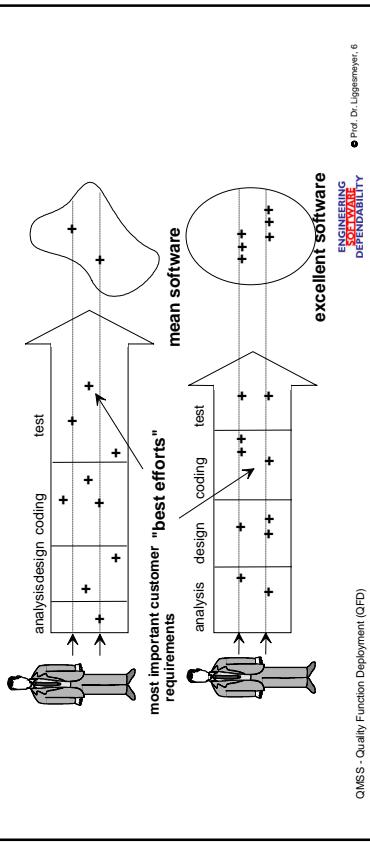
- Resources are scarce in principle
- Customer requirements enter the development process without the taking place of a controlled/directed alignment/orientation of the development potentials
- In the development phases, capacities are used in positions which cannot clearly or often only intuitively be assigned to a requirement on the part of the customer

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Fundamental Idea of QFD

- Systematic application of the resources in those positions which ensure the fulfillment of the most important customer requirements.



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Procedure concerning the Application of the QFD

- Identification of customer requirements
- Weighting of customer requirements
- Weighted customer requirements passed on to the phases of the software development process where they are handled and realized

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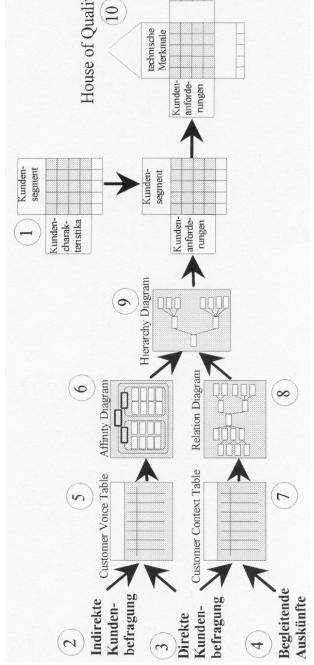
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Involved Persons and Goals concerning QFD

- Team consisting of the members of the individual development phases (e.g. marketing, development, quality assurance)
- Persons who can provide important information for the product design in the current phase
- Support of the coordination of all units involved in the development process
- Goals
 - Working out of objectives for the development and quality assurance based on the customer requirements
 - Tracing of the realization of customer requirements through all development phases up to implementation details
 - Avoidance of too complex software resp. not user-oriented software
 - Early identification of risks which are otherwise often detected during or after the implementation phase
 - Reduction of development time

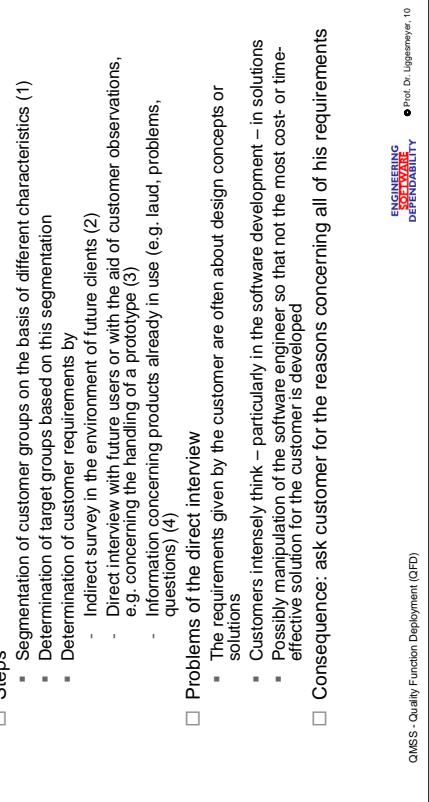
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Analysis of Customer Requirements



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Analysis of Customer Requirements



OMSS - Quality Function Deployment (QFD)

Analysis of Customer Requirements

- Recording of customer requirements
 - Customer Voice Table (5)
 - Writing down of customer requirements thematically structured, e.g. according to
 - Requirements
 - Technical realization possibilities
 - Charging of time and costs
 - Completion of the gained information
 - Examination for their validity
 - Affinity Diagram (6)
 - Cluster the customer requirements
 - Ignore connection to possible realization possibilities
 - identify backgrounds for requirements (e.g. should be self-explanatory; possibility generic terms for requirements
 - Subsume similar requirements

Analysis of Customer Requirements

- Customer Context Table (7)
 - = Statements about the customer environment
 - Who?
 - When?
 - Where?
 - Why?
 - What?
 - How?
 - Relation Diagram (8)
 - = Listing of contents of the Customer Context Table in consideration of their dependences
 - Hierarchy Diagram (9)
 - = Contents of the Relation Diagram and the Affinity Diagram structured according to dependencies

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Analysis of Customer Requirements

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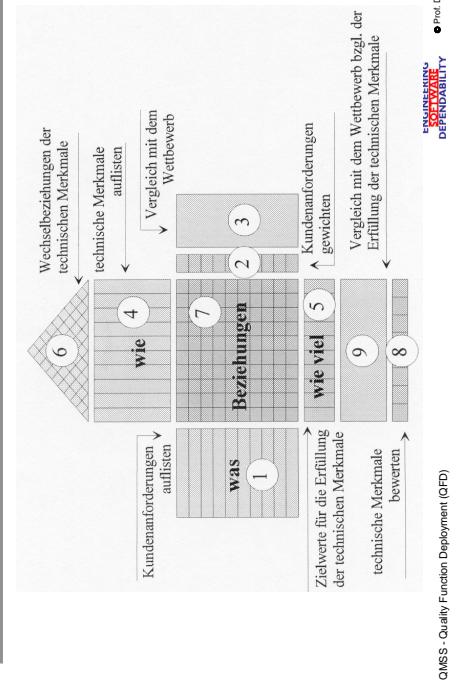
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Customer Segments/Customer Requirements Matrix

- Evaluates the customer requirements according to their importance for the individual customer segments
- Generates customer requirements evaluated according to their priority as input for the House of Quality

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The House of Quality



The House of Quality



- The relation/connection/correlation matrix (7)
 - Gives information about which customer requirements are realized by which technical characteristics
 - To the cross points relation symbols are mapped
 - Already here it can be tested/checked if a customer requirement has been forgotten
 - if a technical characteristic exists which has no relation to customer requirements (row did not get a symbol), or
 - if a technical characteristic exists which has no relation to the local priority of a technical characteristic (column is empty)
 - Product of the weighting of a customer requirement and the factor of the relation gives the local priority of a technical characteristic
 - The sum of these priorities gives the evaluation of the technical characteristics (8). Those characteristics get a high evaluation which relate to highly important requirements or to very many requirements
 - A competition comparison concerning the technical characteristics (9) provides again comparative analyses with regard to the scope

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The House of Quality

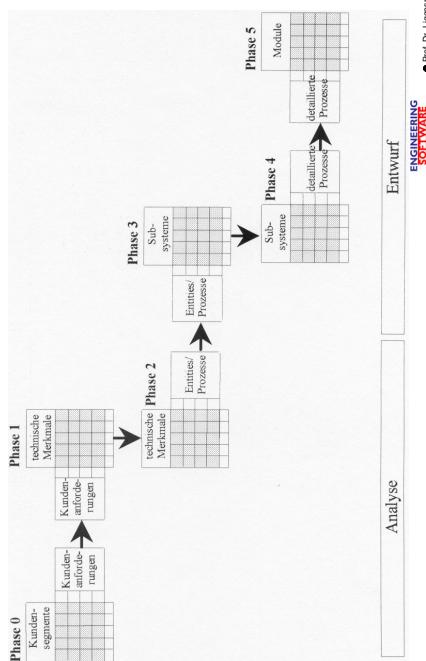


- Goal
 - Realization of the customer requirements in physical characteristics in consideration of important factors for the development process
- Steps
 - List customer requirements (1)
 - Weight customer requirements in pair wise comparison (2). This prioritization serves the purpose to direct the attention to the basics of the product development and to control the investment properly
 - Make competitive comparisons to determine objectives for a positioning in the market (3)
 - Determination of the technical characteristics for the realization of the customer requirements (4)
 - Target values of these technical characteristics (5) provide the guide values for the fulfillment of the technical characteristics
 - Determine to what extent technical characteristics influence each other and if these dependences are positive or negative (6)

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Development-Accompanying QFD



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Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool



- A product to be regenerated is to be analyzed with the aid of QFD. It is about a tool for the determination of software measurements
- Software developers, staff members in quality assurance departments/sections and software managers are intended as target groups (customer segments)

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Engineering
Software
Dependability

Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool



- Consider customer segments with regard to criteria important for the company
- For these purposes at first the priorities of the corresponding criteria have to be compared with each other

	saleable number	buying decision ability	multiplier effect
saleable number	1	5	(3)
buying decision ability	0,2	1	0,33
multiplier effect	0,33	3	1
	$\Sigma 1,53$	$\Sigma 9$	$\Sigma 4,33$

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Software
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QMSS - Quality Function Deployment (QFD)

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Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool



- Consider customer segments vs. customer characteristics (1)

	developer	QS	manager
knowledge concerning measuring	0	+	0
trained with regard to tool use	+	+	-
typ. problem evaluation	local	local to global	global
expected acceptance	0	+	0

- For the description of dependences different value scales are used. Here the following scale is assumed
 - unimportant = 0, minor important = 1, mean = 3, strong = 5, very strong = 7, extremely strong = 9

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Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool

- Scaling to column sum = 1:

	saleable number	buying decision ability	multiplier effect	
saleable number	0.65	0.56	0.69	$0.63 = 1.9/3$
buying decision ability	0.13	0.11	0.08	$\Sigma 1.9$
multiplier effect	0.22	0.33	0.23	$0.69 = 3/4.33$
	$\Sigma 1$	$\Sigma 1$	$\Sigma 1$	$\Sigma 1$

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Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool

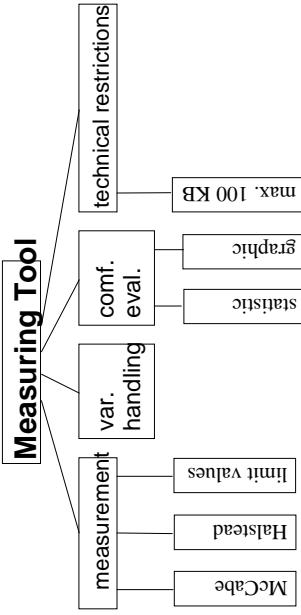
- Transfer of criteria priorities

	developer	QS	manager
saleable number	sale: 10000 prior: 63 %	sale: 500 local: 0.91 global: 57.3 %	sale: 500 local: 0.045 global: 2.8 %
buying decision ability	1 prior: 11 %	3 local: 0.11 global: 1.2 %	5 local: 0.33 global: 3.6 %
multiplier effect	1 prior: 26 %	3 local: 0.11 global: 2.9 %	5 local: 0.56 global: 8.6 %
segment priority	$\Sigma 61.4\%$	$\Sigma 15\%$	$\Sigma 23.6\%$

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Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool

- Affinity Diagram for the Customer Voice Table (6)



Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool

- Customer Voice Table (5)

customer requirement	technical restrictions	...
determine McCabe	occupy max. 100 kByte memory	...
limit value specification	...	
determine Halstead		
variable condition		
statistical functions		
graphical processing		

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Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool

Customer Context Table (7)

	Who?	When?	Where?	Why?	What?	How?
is	manager	working time	office	progress and quality control	system up to 100 modules	PC, Batch
is not						
event.		evenings.				

	Who?	When?	Where?	Why?	What?	How?
is	developer	working time	office	check target values	individual modules	workstation, interactive
is not						
event.		evenings, weekend				

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graphic • Prof. Dr. Lippmanneyer

min. 100 Mod. • Prof. Dr. Lippmanneyer

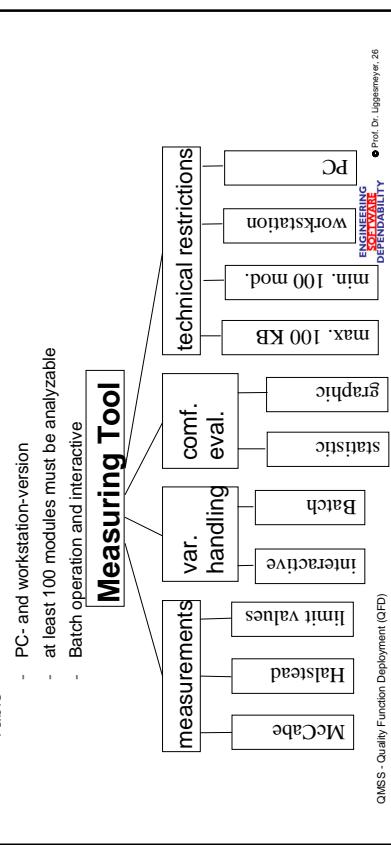
max. 100 kB • Prof. Dr. Lippmanneyer

workstation • Prof. Dr. Lippmanneyer

PC • Prof. Dr. Lippmanneyer

Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool

Hierarchy Diagram (9): additional requirements due to the Customer Context Table



Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool The House of Quality

- Weighting of customer requirements concerning competition factors:
- Weights
 - 1 = bad resp. nonexistent, 2 = weak, 3 = mean, 4 = good, 5 = very good
 - Sales argument
- 1,0 = no argument; 1,2 = weak sa., 1,5 = strong sa

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Case Study Measuring/Measurement Tool

Customer Requirements/Customer Requirements Matrix

	developer, Q.S.	15 %	manager, 23,6 %	total weight of the requirement.
limit values	61,4 %	1/2 %	5/1,5 %	7/3 %
McCabe	5/9,9 %	5/1,5 %	5/2,2 %	Σ 13,6 %
Halstead	3/5,9 %	3/0,9 %	3/1,3 %	Σ 8,1 %
Batch op.	1/2 %	7/2,1 %	7/3 %	Σ 7,1 %
interactive op.	7/13,9 %	7/2,1 %	1/0,4 %	Σ 16,4 %
statistic	1/2 %	3/0,9 %	5/2,2 %	Σ 5,1 %
graphic	1/2 %	3/0,9 %	7/3 %	Σ 5,9 %
min. 100 Mod.	0/0 %	3/0,9 %	5/2,2 %	Σ 3,1 %
max. 100 kB	3/5,9 %	3/0,9 %	5/2,2 %	Σ 9 %
workstation	9/17,8 %	5/1,5 %	0/0 %	Σ 19,3 %
PC	0/0 %	5/1,5 %	9/3,9 %	Σ 5,4 %
	Σ 31/61,4 %	Σ 49/15 %	Σ 54/23,6 %	

column each standardized to segment priority

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