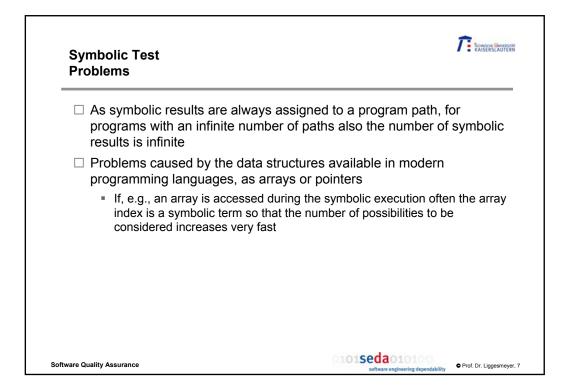
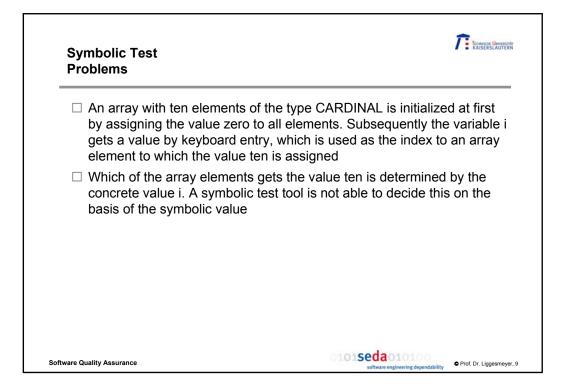
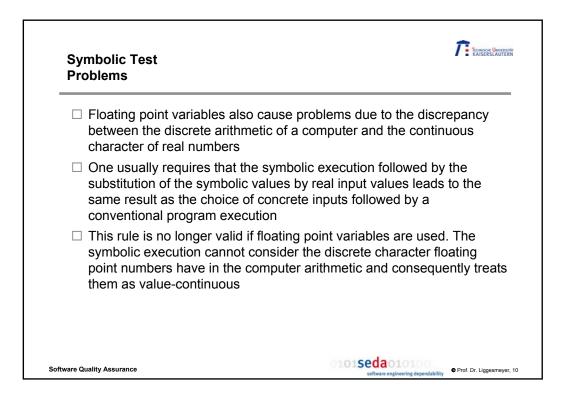


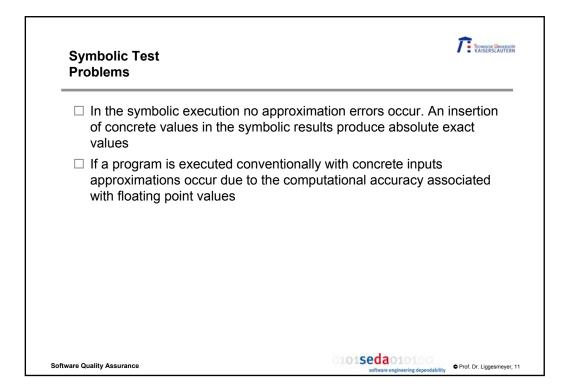
Symbolic Test /: Internet /: I		
At the beginning assignment of the interpreter	he symbolic values to Min and Max by	
Min = MIN ^ Max = MAX		
Specification of the procedure: A value should be in Min and the g condition that the values are period		
\square The symbolic results of the two p	program paths are	
1. MIN > MAX ∧ Min = MAX ∧ Max From this follows ■ Max > Min ∧ Min = MAX ∧ Max		
2. MIN \leq MAX \land Min = MIN \land Max	= MAX	
Substitution results in Min \leq Max \land Min = MIN \land Max =	= MAX	
\square These two terms describe the de	sired behavior	
	otorsedaototoo	

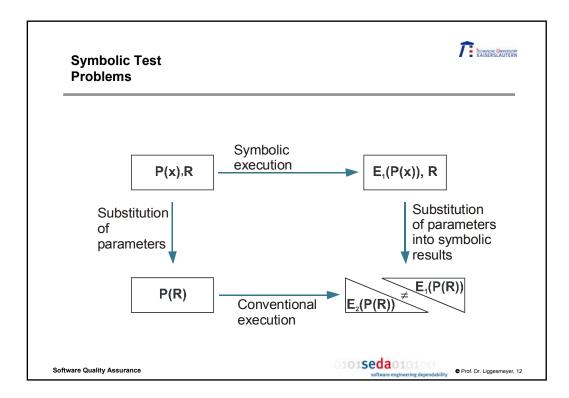


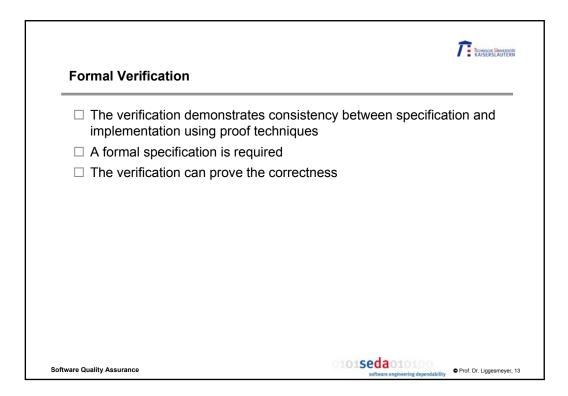
Symbolic Test Problems	Z KAISEPSEAUM
If a program uses arrays during t array index is a symbolic value s which concrete array element ha	o that in general it cannot be decided
VAR Array : ARRAY [110] OF CA	RDINAL;
FOR i:= 1 TO 10 DO	
Array [i] := 0	
END;	
REPEAT	
ReadCard (i)	
UNTIL ((i>=1) AND (i<=10));	
Array [i] := 10;	
ftware Quality Assurance	Prof. Dr. Liggesme

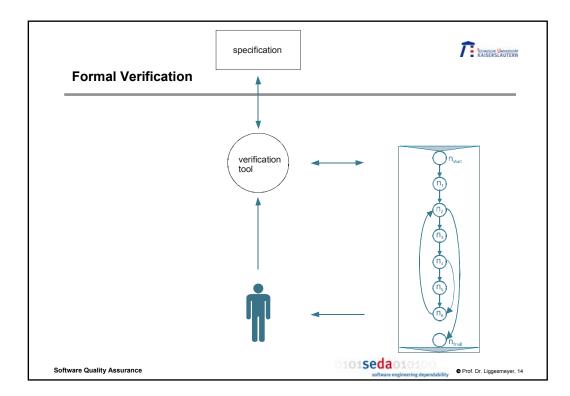


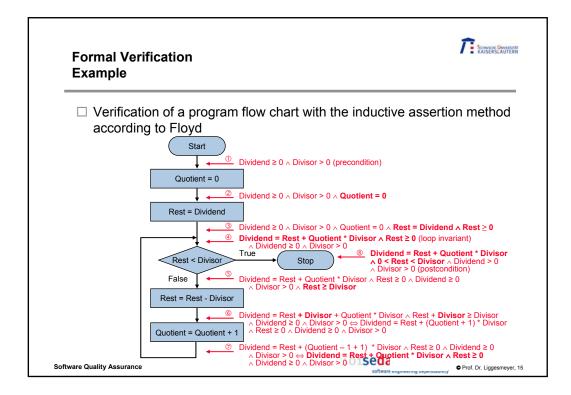


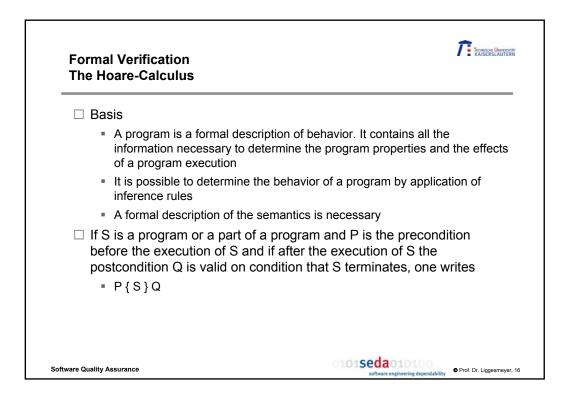


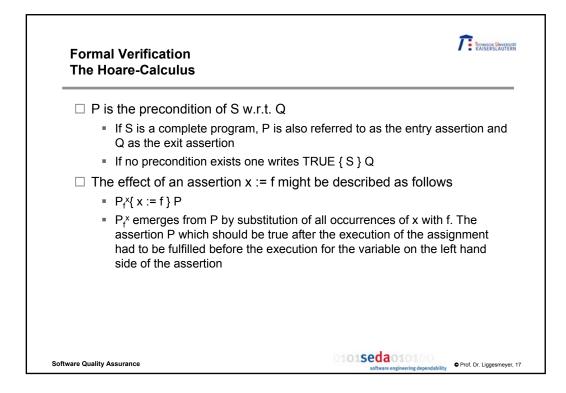


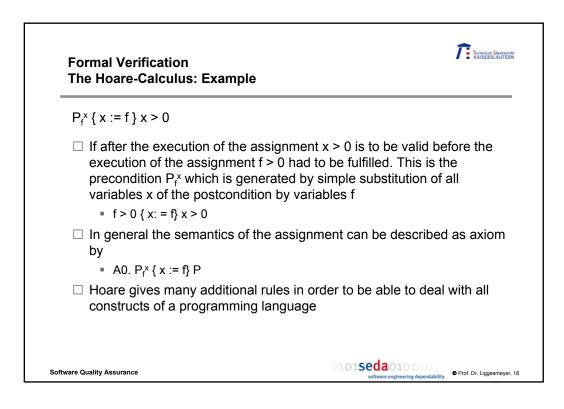


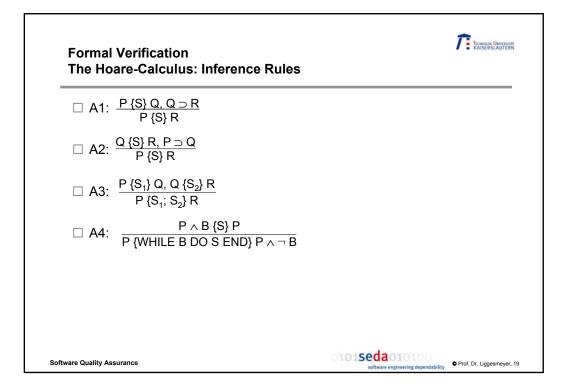


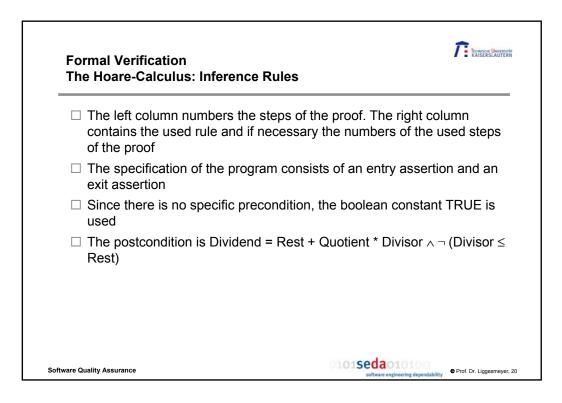




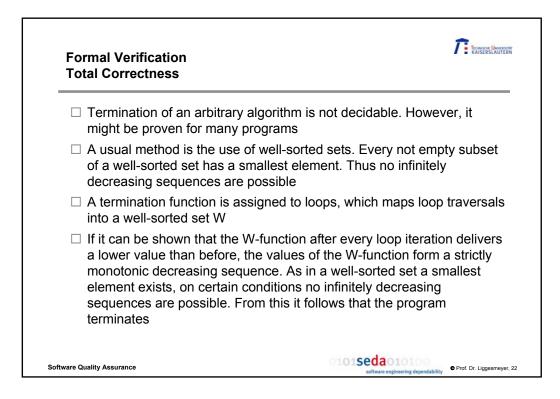


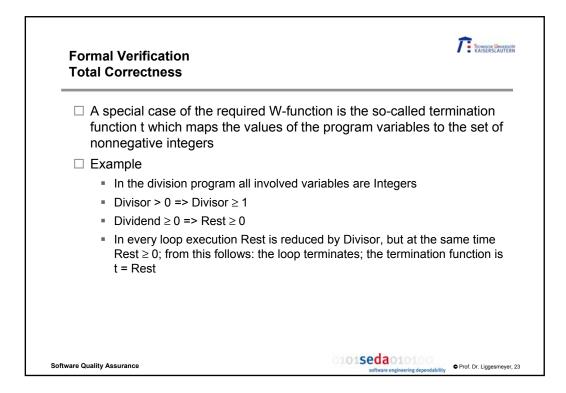




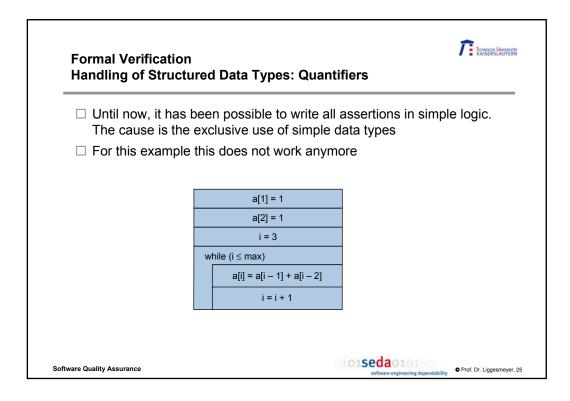


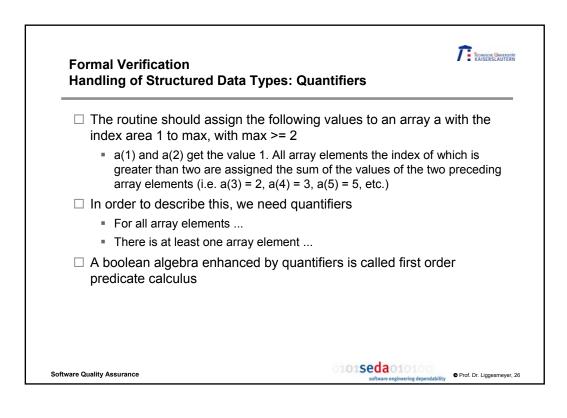
	The Hoare-Calculus			
No.	precondition	statement	postcondition	axiom
1	TRUE \Rightarrow Dividend = Dividend + 0 * D	Divisor		lemma
2	Dividend = Dividend + 0 * Divisor	{Rest = Dividend}	Dividend = Rest + 0 * Divisor	A0
3	Dividend = Rest + 0 * Divisor	{Quotient = 0}	Dividend = Rest + Quotient * Divisor	A0
4	TRUE	{Rest = Dividend}	Dividend = Rest + 0 * Divisor	A2 (1,2)
5	TRUE	{Rest = Dividend, Quotient = 0}	Dividend = Rest + Quotient * Divisor	A3 (4,3)
6	Dividend = Rest+Quotient*Divisor < D	Divisor ≤ Rest ⇒ Dividend = (Rest-Di	visor) +(Quotient+1)*Divisor	lemma
7	Dividend = (Rest - Divisor) + (Quotient + 1) * Divisor	{Rest := Rest - Divisor}	Dividend = Rest + (Quotient + 1) * Divisor	A0
8	Dividend = Rest + (Quotient + 1) * Divisor	{Quotient := Quotient + 1}	Dividend = Rest + Quotient * Divisor	A0
9	Dividend = (Rest - Divisor) + (Quotient + 1) * Divisor	{Rest := Rest - Divisor; Quotient := Quotient + 1}	Dividend = Rest + Quotient * Divisor	A3 (7,8)
10	Dividend = Rest + Quotient * Divisor ∧ Divisor ≤ Rest	{Rest := Rest - Divisor; Quotient := Quotient + 1}	Dividend = Rest + Quotient * Divisor	A2 (6,9)
11	Dividend = Rest + Quotient * Divisor	{WHILE Divisor ≤ Rest DO Rest := Rest - Divisor; Quotient := Quotient + 1 END}	\neg (Divisor ≤ Rest) ∧ Dividend = Rest + Quotient * Divisor	A4 (10)
12	TRUE	{Rest = Dividend; Quotient = 0; WHILE Divisor ≤ Rest DO Rest := Rest - Divisor; Quotient := Quotient + 1 END}	¬ (Divisor ≤ Rest) ∧ Dividend = Rest + Quotient * Divisor	A3 (5,11
Softv	ware Quality Assurance		software engineering dependability Prof. Dr. Li	ggesmeyer, 21

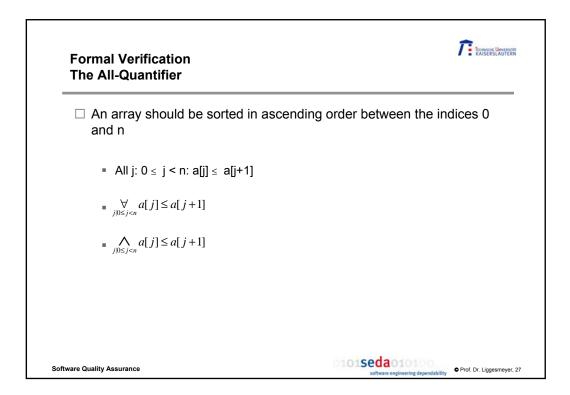


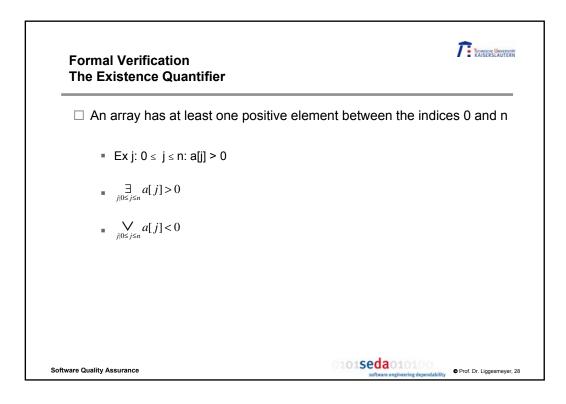


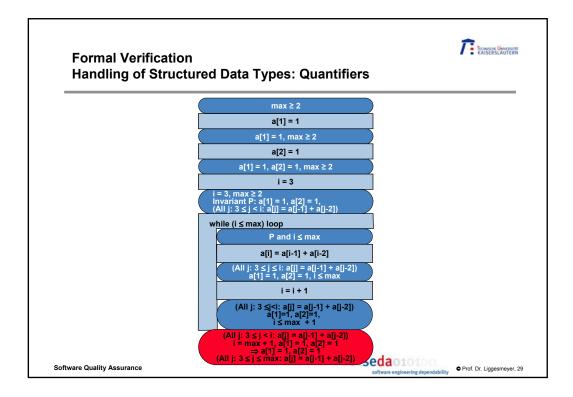
us might be adapted accordingly
S} t < z, P \Rightarrow t \ge 0 ND} P $\land \neg$ B
idered program section (the loop): body S, the value of t is z (t = z), and alue of the termination function
riant P it has to follow that also
nd, t = Rest
• Prof. Dr. Liggesme

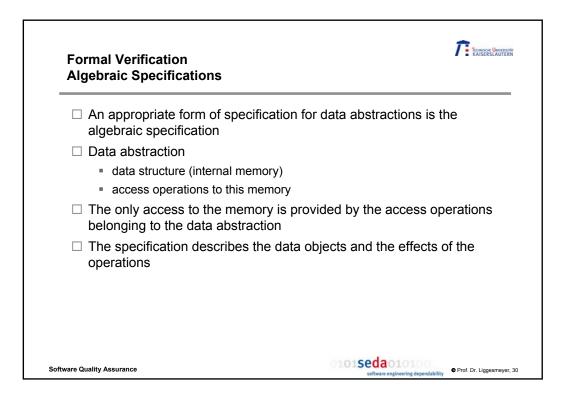


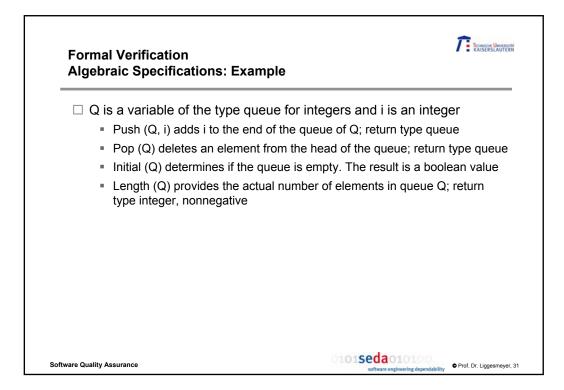


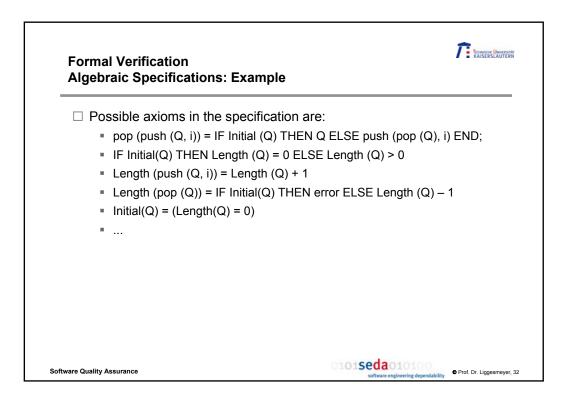


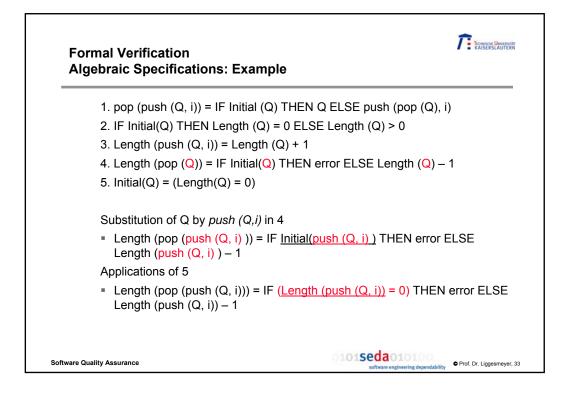


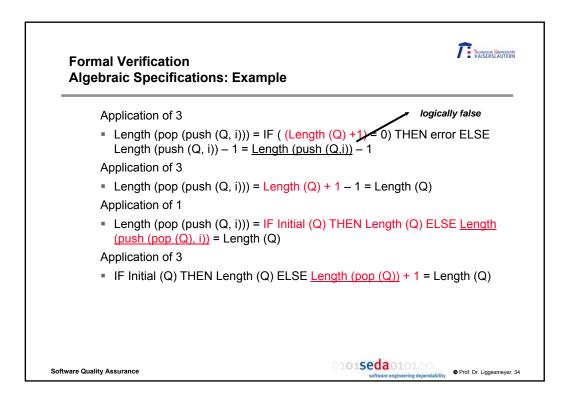


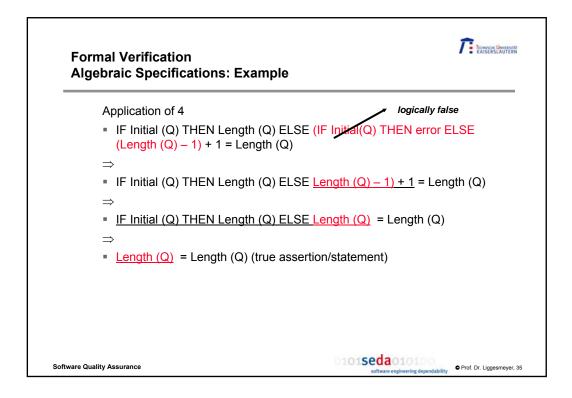












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