

Determination of Model Parameters Least squares

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ENGINEERING SOFTWARE DEPENDABILITY

□ Sometimes numerical method must be used for this task. A Newtonian iteration provides the following results for the Exponential Distribution

$$\lambda_{n+1} = \lambda_n - \frac{f(\lambda_n)}{df(\lambda_n)}$$

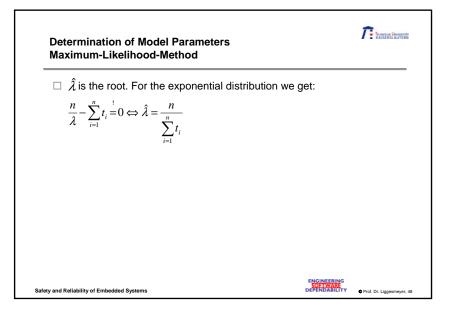
$$\square \text{ with: } f_{exp}(\lambda) = \sum_{i=1}^n 2(1 - e^{-\lambda t_i} - F_i)_i e^{-\lambda t_i}$$

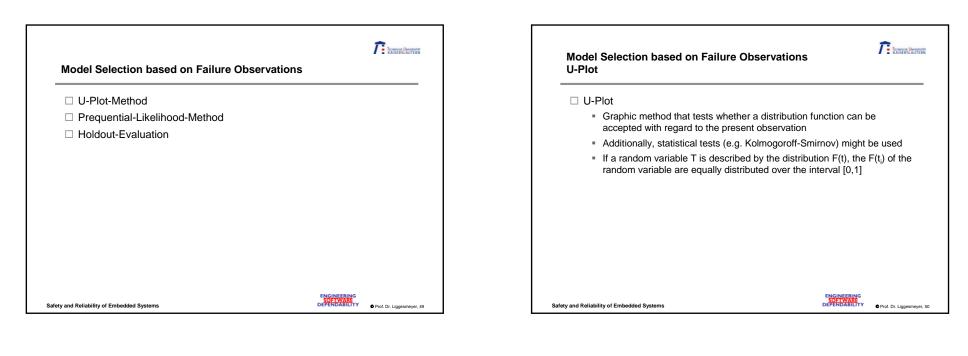
$$\square \text{ and: } \frac{f_{exp}(\lambda)}{d\lambda} = \sum_{i=1}^n 2t_i^2 \left((F_i - 1)e^{-\lambda t_i} + 2e^{-2\lambda t_i}\right)$$

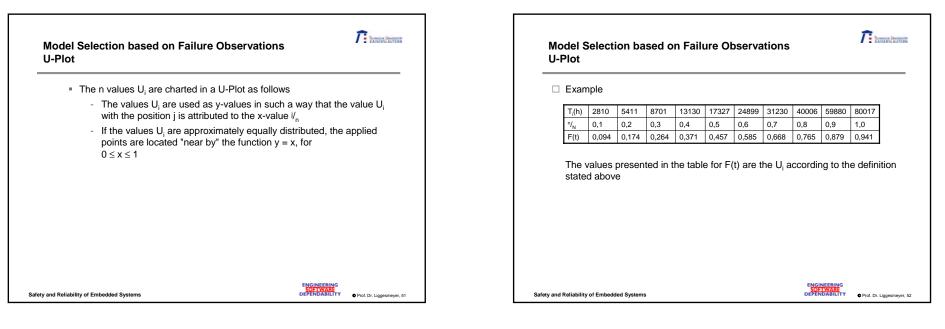
$$\square \text{ For the failure times of the table on page 10 the set$$

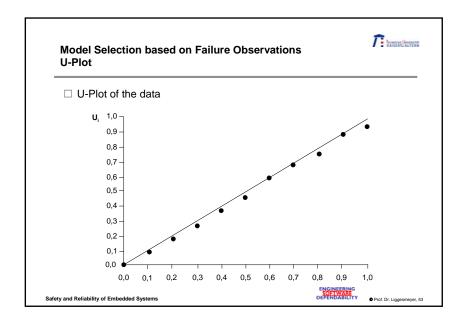
□ For the failure times of the table on page 10 the search for zero points according to the Newtonian iteration provides a value $\hat{\lambda} \approx 3,9326702 * 10^{-5}$ /h for the exponential distribution

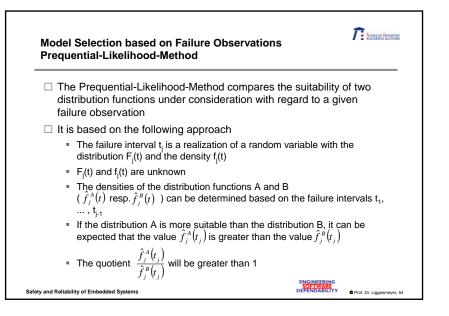
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Safety and Reliability of Embedded Systems
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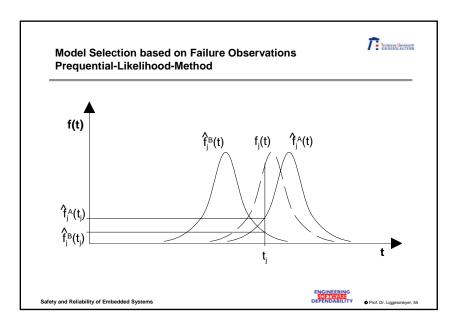


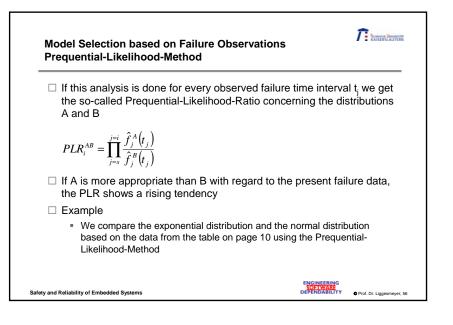


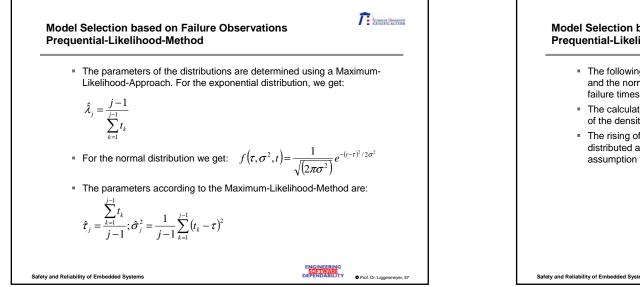


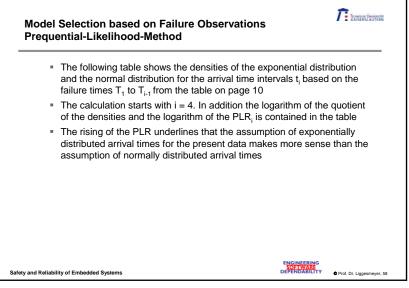




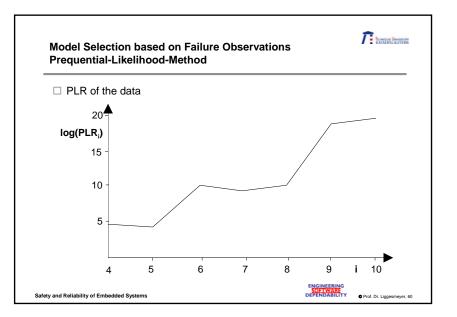


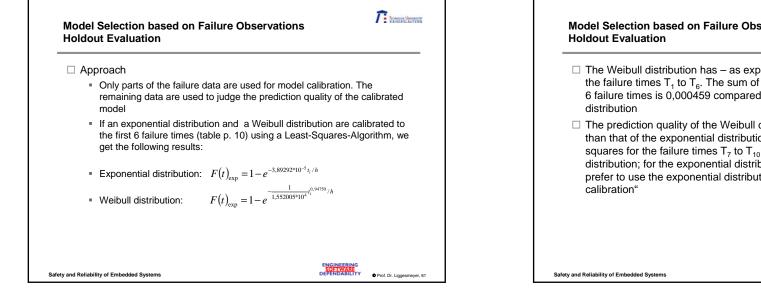


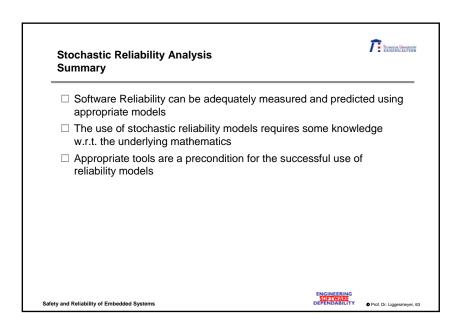


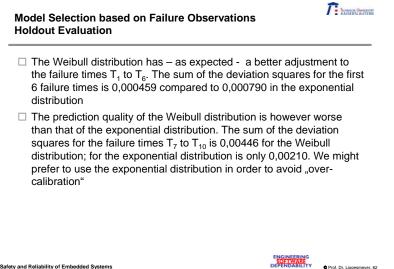


Model Selection based on Failure Observations Prequential-Likelihood-Method											
i	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
T _i (h)	2810	5411	8701	13130	17327	24899	31230	40006	59880	80017	
t _i (h)	2810	2601	3290	4429	4197	7572	6331	8776	19874	20137	
f _i ^{Exp} / 10 ⁻⁶				74,9	84,8	32,5	52,4	31,3	3,8	7,3	
f _i ^{Norm} / 10 ⁻⁹				1,1	244558	0,076	101787	10096	0,00008	2362	
log (f _i ^{Exp} / f _i ^{Norm)}				4,83	-0,46	5,63	-0,29	0,49	8,67	0,49	
log (PLR _i)				4,83	4,37	10,00	9,71	10,20	18,87	19,36	









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